From: Craig Cooper
To: Christina Walsh
Subject: Re: tasc program
Date: 01/23/2009 09:23 AM

Christina - Great email. Thanks! Craig

01/22/2009 04:54 PM

Craig Cooper Superfund Project Manager U.S. EPA Region 9 (415) 947-4148 (ph) (415) 947-3520 (fax)

▼ Christina Walsh <cwalsh@cleanuprocketdyne.org>

## Christina Walsh <cwalsh@cleanuprocketdyne.org>

To Luis Garcia-Bakarich/R9/USEPA/US@EPA

cc Craig Cooper/R9/USEPA/US@EPA, william

bowling

<williamprestonbowling@yahoo.com>, David Cooper/R9/USEPA/US@EPA

Subject Re: tasc program

Thanks for your quick response, and I appreciate the opportunity. Following are some areas that I am interested in exploring under this program:

1. Geology expertise to understand specifically the chemical vs.

 ${\tt radiological}$  differences between the geology determined to be under

the site, i.e. Chatsworth and Santa Susana and the surrounding geological formations that might be similar in makeup, i.e. Chico and

Tuna Canyon formations with specific attention to the difference at

depth vs. surface samples so that we may have a better understanding

on how the global nuclear impacts might differ from those found at the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SSFL}}\xspace.$ 

2. Historical Document review: Currently DTSC has a small very  $\operatorname{\mathsf{good}}$ 

team reviewing the documents, but they are truly monumental in size

(the documents). It would be helpful to have independent review of

all Area IV historical operational and incident records as well

products used so that we can narrow the list of radionuclides expected, based on site history, vs. primordial or global impact

releases. Part of this needs to emphasize an educational aspect to

help the everyday people who live around the site, gain a better understanding of the issues and debates currently on the table, SO

that they may weigh in to the decisions that will possibly impact

their futures. In addition, this will help tremendously since the

comment periods are usually just 30 days and the documents are thousands of pages of technical data.

3. Groundwater impacts are profound and not well understood. Many of  $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$ 

the experts who have proposed that nothing is moving off the site,

have never been to the site. We would very much appreciate the opportunity to have those experts as well as an independent review of

their data so that the migration of the groundwater plume that sits

below the site, can be understood and dealt with.

 $4.\ \mbox{Groundwater}$  options on remediation – a presentation of current,

best of science approaches to VOC as well as  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{tritium}}$  contaminated

groundwater so that those options can be understood on an unbiased

level, enabling the public to substantively comment on this process

that they otherwise do not know much about.

5.Expert Interpretation on the previous SSFL Panel Studies so that

the epidemiological studies done on the surrounding communities and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right)$ 

options presented on other epidemiological and health risk assessment  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($ 

data can be better understood. A gap analysis on the community health

risk assessments done to date so that the public can gain from that

information on an independent level.

 $6.\ \textsc{CERCLA}$  training if you will. In independent review and presentation of the differences between the formerly followed RCRA

process and the CERCLA process for feasibility studies and how those

will progress

7. MARSSIM presentation to better understand the MARSSIM process and how it is normally applied after the fact, as a confirmation process,

vs. how we are using it here as a clean-up protocol.

 $8.\ \mbox{Background}$  studies and how they are used in other areas. Understanding the differences between the McLaren Hart study vs. the

process we are currently following, and how we hope to gain more from this new process.

9. Understanding the differences in the various sampling approaches

for various radionuclides such as Cs137 and Strontium 90 and how

will find the other radionuclides that may be alpha emitters when we

are doing a gamma survey. Understanding the differences in depth

sampling and statical approaches to the analysis and how they might

vary. We will be presented with a process, and it would be nice to

understand how "universal" that process is vs. how things are done,

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or have been done in other sites, such as Hanford, Rocky Flats
where
the topography and process might differ but some of the
challenges are
the same. What are those differences, and how can we learn from
them?
10. Understanding safety practices of today, vs. "back in the
day".
We have concerns about the current workers and how the hazardous
materials will be transported and what those precautions are and
should be. Some feel that the impacts are from movement of soil,
that is important to address.
11. What are some possible ways for reducing the time schedule so
that
the survey can be completed sooner than 2012 so that the overall
schedule can be met. What are some time-effective processes that
might change, or re-examine so that we reduce the time that
people are
exposed the material? Sampling, does it have to be iterative? or
can
it be done and stored adequately to meet the needs?
Anyway those are just some initial thoughts for you. Please let
know if these issues are within the guidelines of what you feel
you
can help us with.
Thanks again for the opportunity to learn more about the process
and
hte SSFL!
Christina Walsh
cleanuprocketdyne.org and acmela.org
ACME Aerospace Cancer Museum of Education
8189225123 or museum 8187126903
On Jan 22, 2009, at 3:27 PM, Garcia-Bakarich.Luis@epamail.epa.gov
wrote:
> Hi Christina,
> Thank you for expressing your interest in the TASC program. To
help
> scope a work plan with our contractors, I would like it if you
could
> relate to me areas that you would like for the technical
experts to
> focus on; this could include, but is not limited to, the
background
> sampling plan, environmental and human health effects of
radiological
> materials/releases, documents to review, etc.
> Sincerely,
> Luis
> '-`....><((((°>.'-`....><((((°>.'-`....><((((°>.'-`.....><((((°>.'-`.................)</
> Luis M. Garcia-Bakarich (SFD-3)
> Community Involvement Coordinator
> 75 Hawthorne St.
> San Francisco, CA 94105
> garcia-bakarich.luis@epa.gov
> Telephone: (415) 972-3237
> Toll Free 1(800) 231-3075
> Fax (415) 947-3528
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Christina Walsh
                <cwalsh@cleanupr</pre>
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ocketdyne.org>
                                           Luis
                01/14/2009 04:01
                                           Garcia-
Bakarich/R9/USEPA/US@EPA
ΡM
                                                              CC
                                           Craig
Cooper/R9/USEPA/US@EPA,
                                           william bowling
<williamprestonbowling@yahoo.com>
Subject
                                           tasc program
>
>
>
> We are very interested in this program and hope we can work
> together.
               All of our work has been based on community
outreach and
> look forward to an inclusive process that is far and within t
he scope
> of the agreed issues within these projects (rad study and
background
> study). Please let me know if I've understood how this can
work for
> our community. We have a location that features the history of
the
> site and all the possible tools for educating the public and
feel that
> using those resources is a critical part of being effective
> communicators with the public. As per my discussion with
Craig, we
> have some ongoing public outreach and we would like to
incorporate
> into this if possible to maximize usefulness of the program.
> Thanks and we look forward to speaking with you further on the
TASC
> program for SSFL.
> Christina Walsh
> cleanuprocketdyne.org founder/director
> ACME Aerospace Cancer Museum of Education co-founder
> a project of International Humanities Center
http://www.ihcenter.org
> made possible by the annenbergfoundation.org for environmental
> advocacy through the arts
> 8189225123 museum: 8187126903
>
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